

Poverty in Southeast Iowa #2 Tuesday, September 28, 2021

Agenda

- Introductions
- Southeast Iowa poverty data
- What is self-sufficiency?
- Myths and worldviews
- Why poverty?
- Resources
- Wrap up





Zoom Class Objectives

- Raise poverty awareness in southeast lowa
- Encourage equity and opportunities
- Provide resources for further learning and growth





Housekeeping

- Muted
- Questions
 - Chat/unmute
 - My contact at end
 - I'll stick around after for questions
- Overview vs semester college course

Community



Planning Director Rachel Albrecht BASW, NCRT

- Communications
- Grants
- Office Staff, Assist Executive Director
- Equal Employment Opportunity Officer
- SEIA native



Mission:

Community Action of Southeast lowa is dedicated to alleviating the conditions and causes of poverty by building partnerships and strengthening people through quality services. Community







Our **VISION** is for people in southeast lowa to have the opportunity to reach their maximum potential.

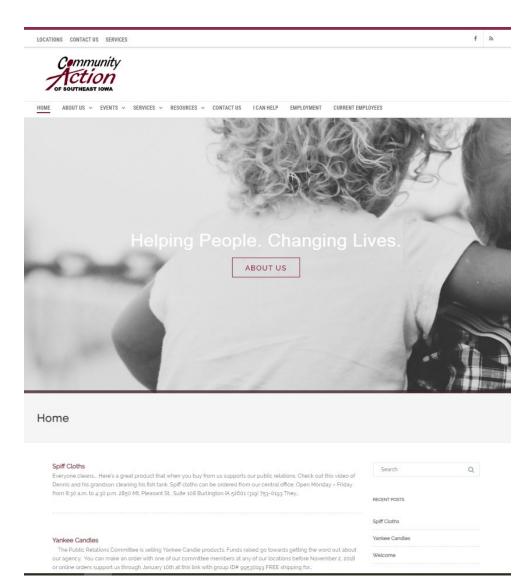
20+ Programs and Services
Helping People, Changing Lives



About Us and More

- Website: https://caofseia.org/
- Facebook: <u>https://www.facebook.com/Community</u> ActionofSoutheastlowa/
- Monthly E-Newsletter
 - Sign-up on our website
- Links and Resources at end of slides







Introductions

Unmute yourself
Name
Work/Connection to Poverty



Poverty Data

Southeast Iowa



Poll

What percentage of the population in Southeast Iowa is under 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL)?

12.2%

33.14%

51.5%



Answers

What percentage of the population in Southeast Iowa is under 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL)?

Community

- 12.2% below 100%
- 33.14% below 200%
- 51.5% families eligible for free or reduced lunch

What does that percentage mean?





MEASURING AMERICA

Poverty: The History of a Measure

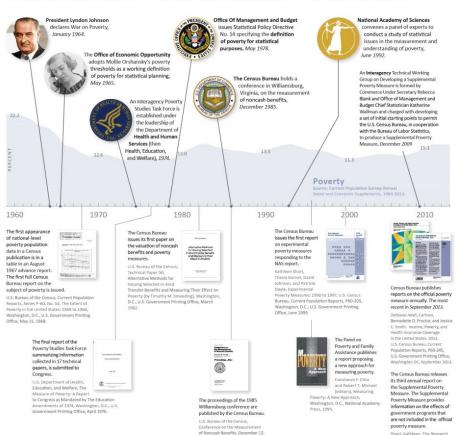
President Johnson's January 1964 declaration of his how many people were in poverty and how those numbers changed from year to year. The next year the Office of Economic Opportunity adopted a working definition of poverty based on a methodology for counting the poor that had been proposed by Mollie Orshansky, an analyst at the Social Security Administration. In 1067, the Census

overty Thresholds," Social Security Bulletin, Vol. 55, No. 4, Winte 1992. for the history of the official poverty measure presented here

Bureau published its first set of poverty estimates. Two War on Poverty" generated a new interest in measuring just—years later, the Office of Management and Budget issued a memorandum that established the nation's "official" poverty Bureau and the Bureau of Labor Statistics resulting in the for providing annual poverty estimates.

> efforts to improve the official poverty measure, including an Interagency Poverty Studies Task Force in the 1070s and

These efforts triggered research by economists at the Census new "Supplemental Poverty Measure." For the past three years, the Census Bureau has published two sets of national poverty estimates: one using the official method and one using the Supplemental Poverty Measure



14, 1985. Proceedings. Vol. I, 1986.

U.S. Department of Commerce



Supplemental Poverty Measure

Current Population Reports







- The official poverty measure was developed in the mid-1960s, and it has remained mostly unchanged since then.
- The official poverty measure compares an individual's or family's pretax cash income to a set of thresholds that vary by the size of the family and the ages of family members. These official poverty calculations do not take into account the value of in-kind benefits such as nutrition assistance, housing and energy programs or tax credits like the earned income tax credit or stimulus payments. They also do not consider regional differences in living costs or expenses such as housing.
- Poverty: The History of a Measure
 - https://www.census.gov/library/visualizations/2014/demo/ poverty measure-history.html
- Supplemental and Official Poverty Measures
 - https://www.census.gov/newsroom/blogs/random-samplings/2021/09/difference-between-supplements official-poverty-measures.html

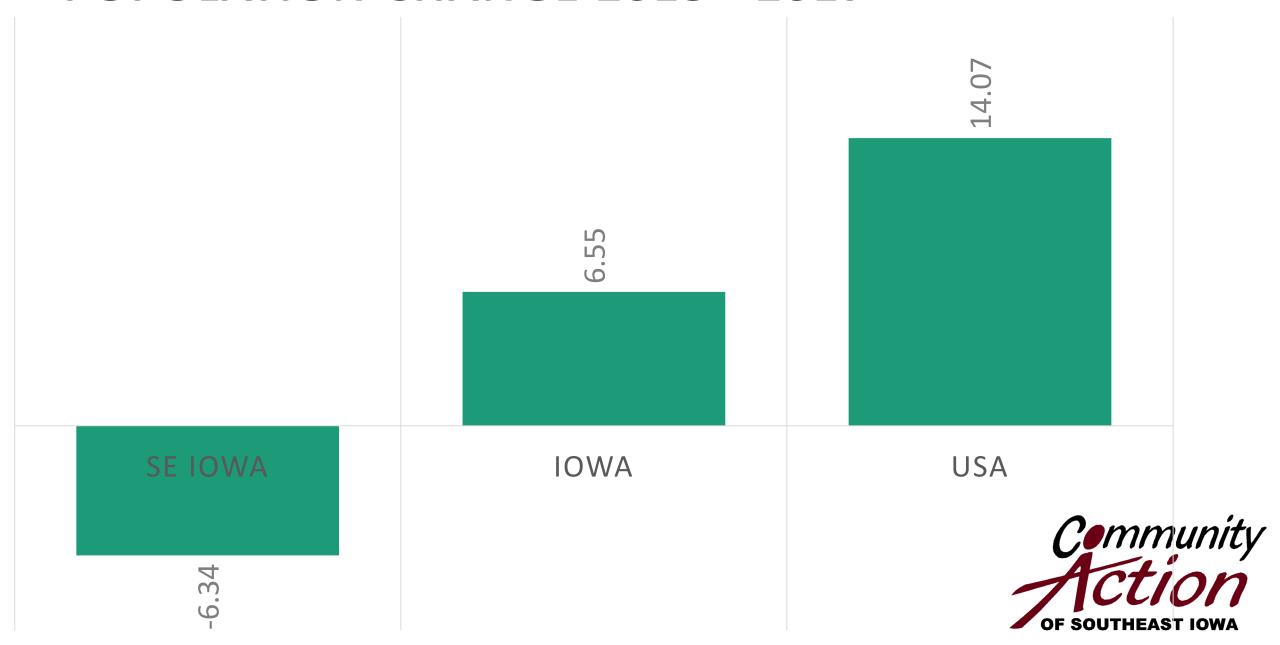
2020 Annual Federal Poverty Guidelines

all states (except Alaska and Hawaii)

Household /Family Size	*100%*	125%	175%	185%	200%
	Head Start	Centers	Energy Assistance	WIC	Weatherization, COVID-19 programs
1	\$12,760	15,950	22,330	23,606	25,520
2	\$17,240	21,550	30,170	31,894	34,480
3	\$21,720	27,150	38,010	40,182	43,440
4	\$26,200	32,750	45,850	48,470	52,400
5	\$30,680	38,350	53,690	56,758	61,360
6	\$35,160	43,950	61,530	65,046	70,320
7	\$39,640	49,550	69,370	73,334	79,280
8	\$44,120	55,150	77,210	81,622	88,240

Source: Federal Register January 1, 2020

POPULATION CHANGE 2013 - 2017



Poverty has increased in SE Iowa

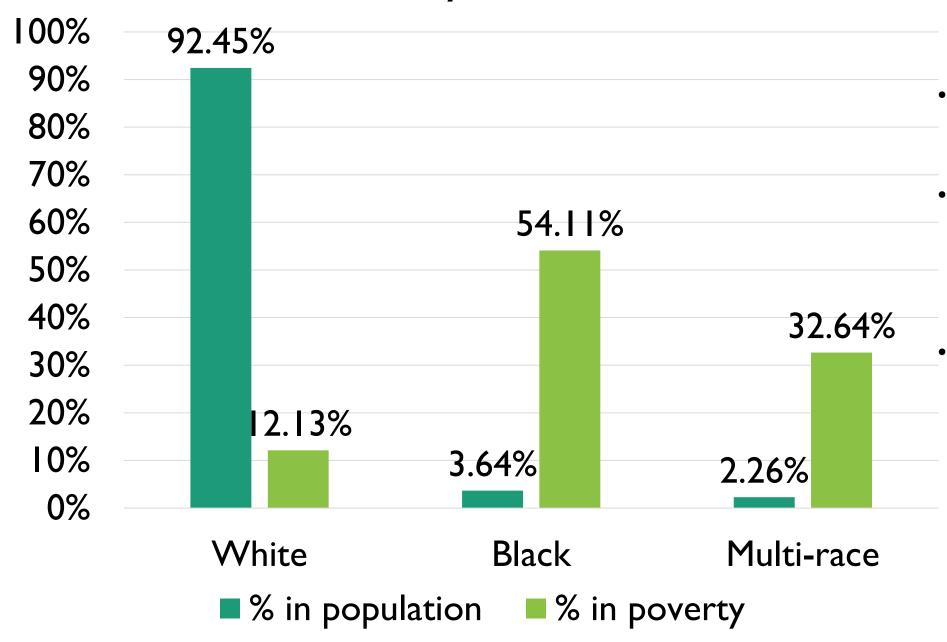


State Average 2.5% National Average 2.1%



Small Area Income & Poverty Estimates 2000-2017

Race and Poverty in Southeast Iowa



- 7.55% of the total population are minorities Census
- 20.33% of those in poverty (100% FPL) are minorities American Community Survey 2014-2018
- 21.92% of our clients were minorities in FY2020



Statistics Represent People

- 12.2% below 100% FPL = 12,848 individuals
- 33.14% below 200% FPL = 33,660 individuals
- Families in poverty by family type
 - Male HH 12%
 - Married couples 31%
 - Female HH 57%
- CA Stats FY 2019
 - 19% are 55+
 - 39% are single HHs
 - 75% are on some kind of social security (SSI, SSDI, retirement)





Poverty is....

- Lack of something
- Economic poverty
 - Financial inability to meet basic needs
- Basic Needs
 - Housing
 - Utilities
 - Transportation
 - Childcare
 - Healthcare
 - Food
 - Household expenses
 - Clothing, telephone, bed, cleaning/laundry, hygiene items, repairs



- Basic Budget, Iowa Policy Council 2019



How needs are generally met

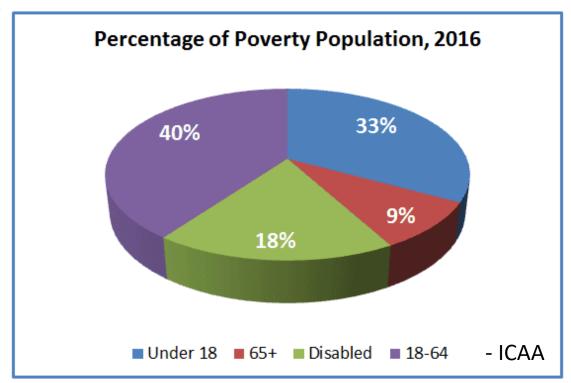
- Labor Market (Jobs)
- Through Family
- The State





Not the Labor Market

- Children, elderly, disabled
 - 6 out of every 10 people living in poverty ICAA
 - Can't rely on the labor market/work
 - Those people are most willing to help
- 42% of our client households had disability income



Labor Market, 40%

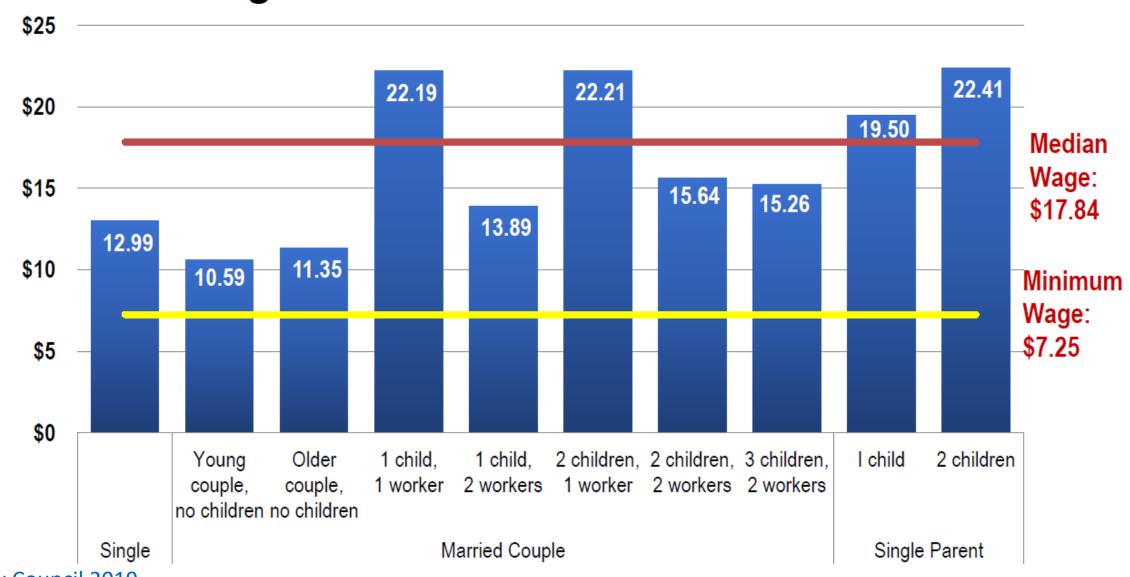
- Low wage jobs
 - Estimated LIVING wage in Iowa
 - \$10.59 \$22.41 depending on HH size <u>lowa Policy Council</u>
- Lack of benefits
 - Time off
 - Sick leave
- Disabilities
 - And invisible ones
- Families need flexibility



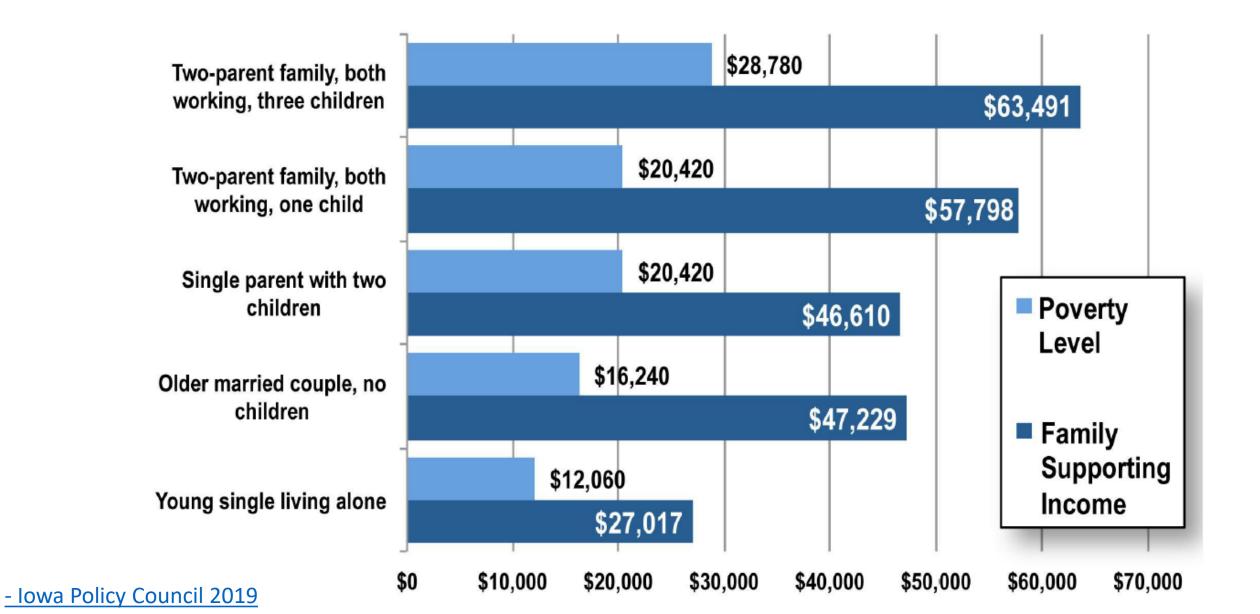




Wage needed to meet basic needs is well above the minimum wage



Basic needs budget is 2 to 3 times poverty level



Discussion Groups

Debreif



Poll: What is self-sufficiency?

No help from government resources

No assistance from charities/churches

Never asking anyone for any kind of help

Only getting help that's not related to money



self-sufficient adjective



self-suf·fi·cient | \ self-sə-'fi-shənt 💿 \

Definition of self-sufficient

- able to maintain oneself or itself without outside aid: capable of providing for one's own needs
 a self-sufficient farm
- 2 : having an extreme confidence in one's own ability or worth : <u>HAUGHTY</u>, OVERBEARING

Synonyms & Antonyms for self-sufficient

Synonyms

<u>independent</u>, <u>self-dependent</u>, <u>self-reliant</u>, <u>self-subsistent</u>, <u>self-subsisting</u>, <u>self-supported</u>, <u>self-supporting</u>, <u>self-sustaining</u>

Antonyms

dependent, reliant



"Without outside aid"

- Examples:
 - Lawnmower
 - Cancer
 - Car repairs
- Economic poverty
 - Without state aid
 - Retirement Social Security
 - Family, job benefits
- Stigma
 - Acceptable help and not
 - Family vs state, disability
 - Labor benefits





Relating to the Family

- Generally not frowned upon
- Family limits are all different
 - No cost living at home during college
 - Buy first car
 - Pay for college
 - Stay on their health insurance through work
- Familial/informal help/supports
 - Grandparents babysit sick kids
 - Parents let borrow their car when yours breaks down
 - Underwear and socks as Christmas gifts
 - Emergency loans vs payday loans



State Support

- Supplemental Social Security, SSI
 - Need based
 - Not based on work history
 - 65+ or disability
 - As of 2021 is at \$794 for an individual and \$1,191 for a couple
- Social Security
 - Retirement, disability, survivor benefits
 - Based on wages paid in/work history





"Welfare"

- TANF = Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (federal name)
- FIP = Federal Investment Program (Iowa state name)
- Cash assistance, welfare
- 3.5% of our clients had TANF/FIP income 2020 NIFCAP
 - Work requirements
 - Promise jobs
 - Must have a dependent child
 - Relative FIP
 - Max of 5 years in lifetime (60 months)
 - FIP amounts



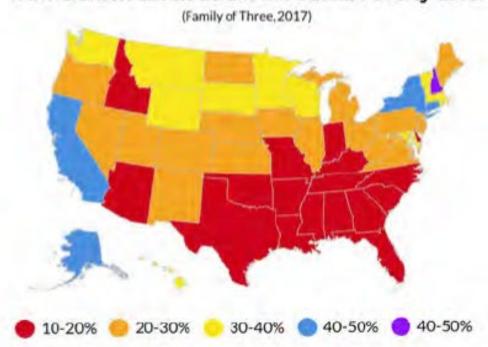
FAMILY INVESTMENT PROGRAM

lowa's Maximum FIP Payment

<u>lowa</u><u>Workforce</u><u>Promise Jobs</u><u>Orientation</u>

Family Size	1	2	3	4	5	6
Per Month	\$183	\$361	\$426	\$495	\$548	\$610
Per Year	\$2196	\$4332	\$5112	\$5940	\$6576	\$7320

TANF Benefit Levels as a % of Federal Poverty Level

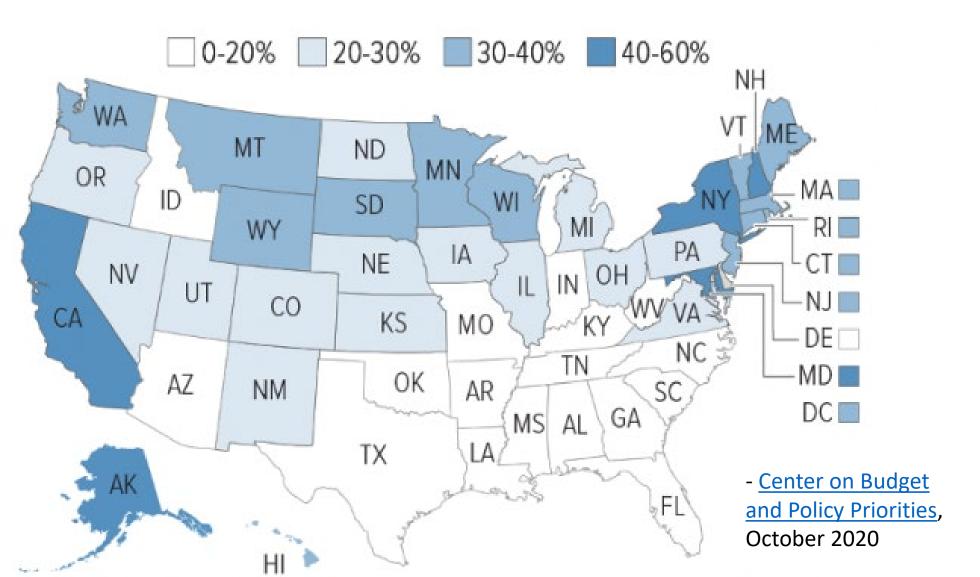


FIP Benefits in Iowa have not increased since 1989. The average Iowa FIP Cash Assistance payment is \$331. If the benefit would have been adjusted for inflation it would be \$686 today (a 48.3% erosion in buying power).

State	FIP Payment (HH3)	% Poverty	Wage Equivalent*			
Mississippi	\$170	9.8%	\$1.31			
New Hampshire	\$1,039	60.0%	\$7.99			
Iowa	\$426	24.6%	\$3.28			
*FIP payment, annualized/30 hours per week						

Maximum TANF Benefits Leave Families Well Below Federal Poverty Line

Maximum TANF benefit as a percent of poverty line (for a family of three)





The Others

- 2.5% of our clients had no income <u>– 2020 Annual Report</u>
 - Variety of causes, long term out of work, "unqualified" or undiagnosed disability, family support, students, etc

• How many are affected by substance abuse, mental health issues, domestic violence, factory closings, health problems, or other barriers to gainful

employment

• SMALL percent





Discussion Groups

Debreif





Poll: Have you personally heard people say these things or maybe once believed them yourself? Select all that apply.

- Poor people are lazy
- They're all on welfare
- They keep having kids so they don't have to work
- It's their own fault they're poor
- They just waste all their money
- They just need to get a job and they'd get out of poverty
- Everyone starts on a level playing field
- All of the above



Views and Actions

- How we view poverty
- How we help those who are low income
- Policies we advocate for
- Politicians we elect
- Charities we support or don't





Poverty won't happen to me.

- It can happen to anyone.
- "Emma" sustained serious injuries after a bad car accident in November 2017. During her time recovering, she also became diagnosed with a rare health condition that forced her to step down from her successful nursing career. Shorter after, her husband abandoned her and her two young boys. Emma was forced to move back into her parents' home in Stokes county.
- Emma's life went from stable to poverty in a matter of months. Although we want to think that our savings and safeguards will prevent us from poverty, the truth is something as simple as a long-term illness, disability or even an uncontrollable change in the economy can put you at risk of poverty.
 - https://www.nccaa.net/post/10-myths-about-poverty
- Loss of labor, state, family



Poverty doesn't affect me. Poverty affects all of society

- Taxes
- Children
 - Schools, classrooms
- Friends
- Business
 - Employees, coworkers
- ACEs 2020 Iowa ACEs 360
 Report
- Crime

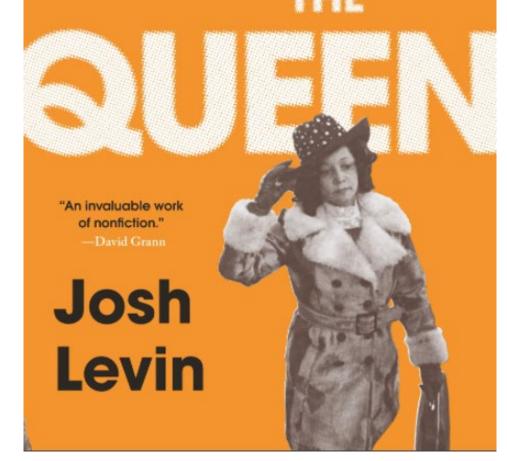
- Drugs
- Community
- Housing values
- Neighborhood
- Systems
 - Healthcare
 - Utilities
 - County funding, roads, water



Oversimplification Stereotypes

- Welfare Queen
- Wasting Money
- American Dream
- Success stories
 - If one can, anyone can
 - Unique situations
- Pull yourself up from your bootstraps
- Jim Crow Laws "separate but equal"
 - Legally abolished in 1964

In the 1970s, Linda Taylor became a fur-wearing, Cadillac-driving symbol of the undeserving poor. But the original "welfare queen" was demonized for the least of her crimes. Taylor was a con artist, a kidnapper, maybe even a murderer. This is the never-before-told story of a singular American character, lost in the rush to create a vicious stereotype.



Welfare Queen



The "Welfare Queen": You may have heard someone say that women on welfare try to have more babies to receive more welfare. But the welfare queen is largely a creature of myth. Welfare recipients, on average, have no more children than other women. There is no evidence that being on welfare encourages out-of-wedlock child-bearing (non-marital child bearing has increased for all women, not just those on welfare). Further, nations with more generous welfare have lower rates of teen pregnancy and fewer out-of wedlock childbirths.¹⁹

- Think back to poverty section on FIP/TANF LOW payments
 - \$361 for a family of 2 (single parent I child)
 - \$610 for a family of 6
 - Single mom, additional 5 kids, \$300/month...diapers, laundry, gas

ACTIO OF SOUTHEAST 10

⁻ Masnick, George, and Mary Jo Bane. The Nation's Families, 1960-1990. Boston: Auburn House Books, 1980.

Waste Their Money

- Budgeting
 - Lack of \$ to budget, not enough to go around
 - Understanding basic need budgets
 - Poverty level and support levels
 - From family, labor market, state
 - Expected to make it on small amount
 - Predatory lending
 - Payday loans
 - Rent-a-centers



What's included in a basic family budget?



Child Care: full-time licensed home care, before/after school program depending on age



Health care: insurance and out-of-pocket costs; average employee share of premiums or Silver plan



Household expenses: clothing, telephone, home furnishings, appliances, cleaning and personal care supplies, repairs



Housing, utilities: fair market rent from US Dept. of Housing & Urban Development



Food: all meals prepared at home, USDA low-cost family food plan



Transportation: cost of owning, operating a car for driving to work and other uses

Food



<u>Food Assistance and Obesity</u>: There is no evidence of a causal relationship between food assistance (food stamps) and obesity. People who receive food assistance are no more likely to be obese than anyone else. The greatest rates of increase in obesity are not among the poor, but rather, are found in the middle class. Poor families do lack access to high quality food, however. High calorie, high fat, high sugar foods tend to be cheaper and more shelf-stable than nutritionally-rich foods, and transportation and other barriers often limit access to fresh fruits and vegetables.

- U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, Office of Analysis, Nutrition and Evaluation, "Obesity, Poverty, and Participation in Food Assistance Programs," Alexandria, VA: 2004.



	SNAP Household Expenditures		Non-SNAP Household Expenditures		
Category	Rank	% of Expense	Rank	% of Expense	
Meat, Poultry, Fish	1	19.2	<mark>1</mark>	15.9	
Sweetened Beverages	2	9.3	5	7.1	
Vegetables	3	7.2	2	9.1	
Frozen Prepared Food	4	6.9	8	5.1] - U
Prepared Desserts	5	6.9	6	6.4	Ag
High Fat Dairy/Cheese	6	6.5	3	7.9	Ту
Bread and Crackers	7	5.4	7	6.3	Su As
Fruits	8	4.7	4	7.2	(SI
Milk	9	3.5	9	3.8	ht!
Salty Snacks	<mark>10</mark>	3.4	<mark>10</mark>	3.1	<u>pro</u>
Prepared Foods	11	3.1	14	2.2	Ty
Cereal	12	2.8	11	3.0	<u>Su</u>
Condiments/Seasoning	13	2.7	12	2.8	
Fats and Oils	14	2.4	13	2.4	
Candy	<mark>15</mark>	2.1	<mark>15</mark>	2.2	

Agriculture, "Foods
Typically Purchased By
Supplemental Nutrition
Assistance Program
(SNAP) Households," 2011.
https://fnsprod.azureedge.net/sites/default/files/ops/SNAPFoods
TypicallyPurchasedSummary.pdf



Stereotypes

- Character problem
- Lazy/Don't want to work
- Pull yourself up from your bootstraps
 - "If you really wanted to get out of poverty you would"
 - "You just have to work hard (Level playing field)"
- Having kids so can sit at home and get "rich"
 - Welfare Queen
- All racial/ethnic minorities
- Lack education
- Not my neighbors/friends/church members/coworkers

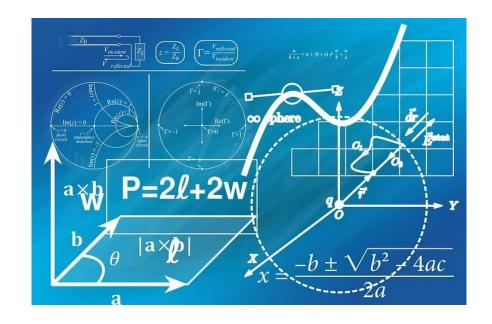




Causes and Conditions It's not as simple as stereotypes

- Family
- Labor Market
- The State
- Individual Situations

- Each play a role
 - Support or not
 - Kinds of jobs
 - Education/assistance available





How we think about poverty affects how we address poverty and what we do to help people in poverty

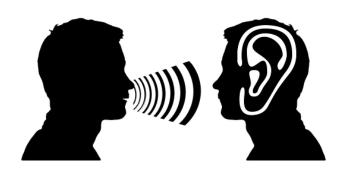
- Waste food money on soda and junk food
 - Highly regulated SNAP options
 - Limited on who is eligible
- Feed their children by buying similar options as others
 - Cash assistance
 - EBT accepted anywhere food is sold
 - Dollar General and gas station only food options, food deserts
- Lazy
 - Job programs
 - Wrap around services, mental health, case management, college





Dispelling Myths

- Listen, ask questions
- Understanding the causes behind the condition of low income
- Understanding history and barriers
- Examining bias, tradition, privilege
- Strengths based
- Family directed
 - Parents want to care for their kids, see them succeed, move beyond them
- Opportunity for their goals
- Offering assistance





Moving Forward

- Creating opportunity
- Positive connections
- A way out more later
- Systemic change
 - Childcare
 - Healthcare
- Life paths & personal choices
- Example:
 - Abuse, despair, ->drugs, sex trade, lose children, couch surfing, rehab
 - Abuse, despair, ->healthy support, college assistance, mental health, job connection





Discussion Groups

Debrief



Why poverty?

How did we get here?



Remember

What percentage of the population in Southeast Iowa is under 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL)?

Community

- 12.2% below 100%
- 33.14% below 200%
- 51.5% families eligible for free or reduced lunch

Economic Poverty

- Labor
- State
- Family
- Economic poverty
- Lack of finances to meet basic needs
- Not a one size fits all
- Unique situations
- Combination of the 3





Labor

- Jobs
- Living wages
- Flexibility
- Benefits
- Supports
- Options
- Promotions





Inequity

- Wealth Inequality in America – 6 minute video
- Average CEO makes 380x the average worker's pay.
- Wasn't always like this

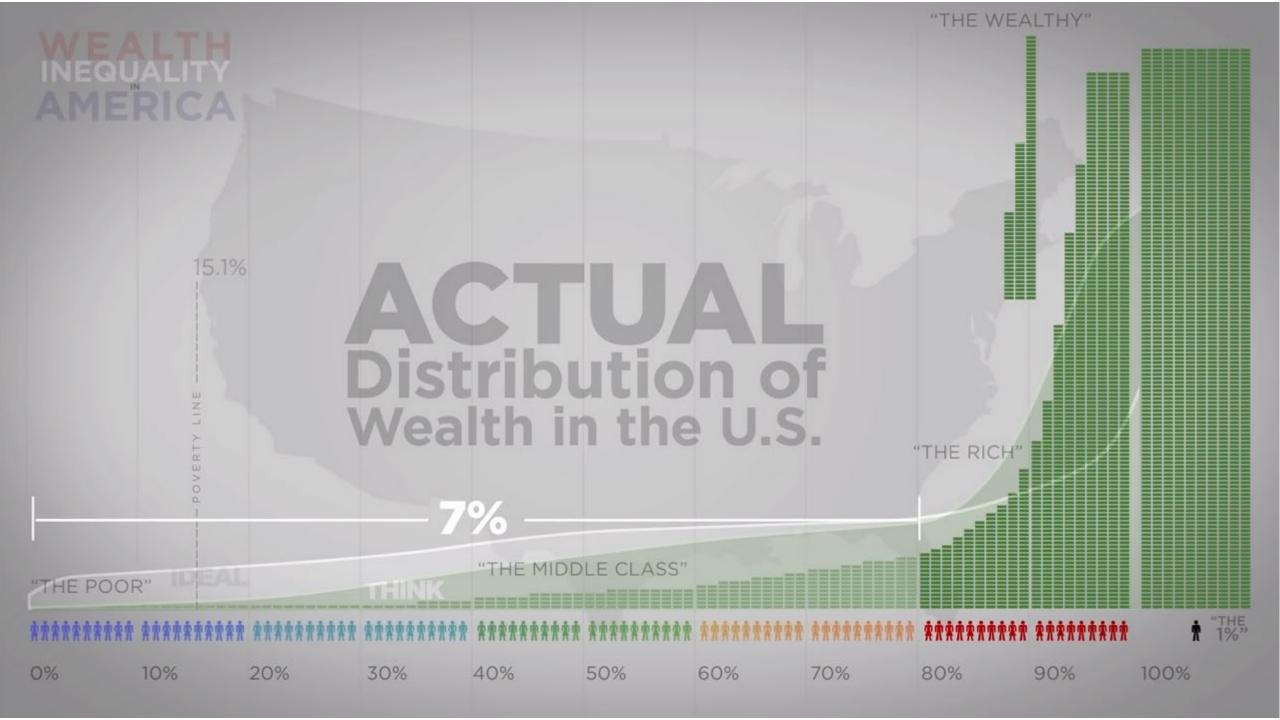


Search





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Labor, it's not cut and dry

- Capitalism
 - Checks and balances
 - Labor laws: minimum wage, child labor, OSHA
 - Monopolies
 - Greed
 - Office of Equal Opportunity
 - https://www.consciouscapitalism.org/
- Jobs because of who we know...
- Starting with nothing
 - Generational wealth
 - \$ and resources
 - American slavery





State

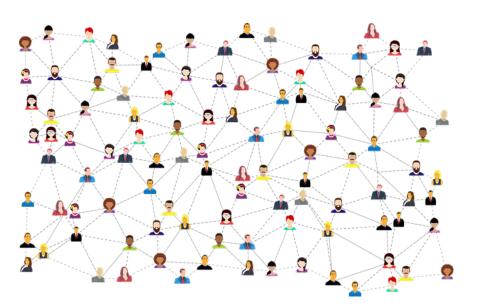
- Programs aren't enough to cover the basics
 - Low amount of support/\$
 - Can't get into low-rent
 - Background, eviction, felony
 - Laborious applications
 - Closed applications/limited times
 - \$15 food assistance
 - Don't qualify
 - Cliff affect childcare assistance





Family

- American individualism
- Moving
- "Black sheep"
- Generational resources
- Generational lack of resources
- "Luck"
- Social connections/capital or lack of









Ways Out - Support

- Social connections/capital/support
- Bridges Out of Poverty mentorship
- Supportive state programs, raise limits, cliff affect housing, food (\$30 experiment), childcare
- Individual support
- Structural support examples
 - Medicaid for all
 - Minimal income
 - Housing credits
 - Tax credits
 - Childcare at businesses





Ways Out - Ed



- More \$
 - More education/training/better job leading to more \$
- Not cut and dry
- Varying individual circumstances

2020 Median Household Income - Cencus.gov

Educational Attainment of Householder¹

No high school diploma High school, no college Some college Bachelor's degree or higher



Ways Out - \$

- California experiment with \$500 universal income in below median HH income neighborhoods — NPR
- Stimulus payments, # lifted out of poverty <u>- SPM Census</u>
- Where does it come from? Labor, State, Family/Social





Ways Out

- Less bills/expenditures/debt
- Health care/support (including mental health)
 - Eagleview in school
 - Vocational Rehabilitation
- Less stress (neuroscience of poverty)
 - Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs
- Investments
 - Home ownership
 - Savings/emergency fund (avoids predatory lenders/payday loans)





Hope

- World hunger: "Hunger is caused by poverty and inequality, not scarcity." – <u>Huffington Post</u>
- There was not a needy person among them, for as many as were owners of lands or houses sold them and brought the proceeds of what was sold and laid it at the apostles' feet, and it was distributed

to each as any had need. – Acts 4:34-35

- There are helps and solutions.
- Things can get better.
- Resiliency, strengths based
- Preventing ACES video 4 minutes CDC

Discussion Groups

Debrief



Resources



Poll

In what area do you feel southeast lowa needs more resources?

Food

Housing

Employment

Case management

Transportation

Budgeting

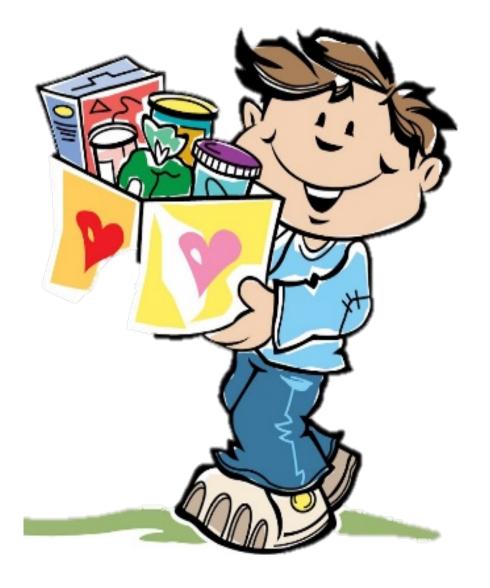
Debt management assistance

Connection events



Resources

- Inter-agency directories
- Food
 - Pantry lists (6 in Burlington, 10 in Lee County)
- Housing
 - Landlord lists
 - Section 8, Low rent, apartment complexes
 - Homeless resource guide
- Employment
 - Iowa Works
 - Goodwill, Career center
 - Vocational Rehabilitation
 - Employment Counseling





- Case management
 - Mental health providers
 - Medicaid providers
 - Integrated Home Health
 - Bridges Out of Poverty
 - Younghouse
 - MORE
- Transportation
 - SEIBUS
 - Burlington Urban Services
 - Medicaid/Medicare
 - Medical appointments
 - Taxi

- Car repair
- (Bridges & Jeff's Automotive)
- Convenient

- Budgeting
 - Budget counseling
 - Banks
 - Online resources
 - Personal responsibility



- Debt management
 - Communication with lenders
 - Utilities, credit, consolidation, medical providers, etc
- Connection events
 - Churches/religious groups
 - City events
 - Family programs
 - Volunteering
- All of the above
 - Individual needs
 - Unique needs/barriers/advocate
 - Child Abuse Prevention Council







Our Programs & Services





Is your life affected by poverty?
We're here to help.

Programs may vary by center, have income guidelines, and may have limited funding available.

- Budget Counseling
- * Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)
- * Children's Bed Program
- * Clothing Assistance
- * Disaster Assistance
- * Early Head Start
- Emergency Rent and Utilities
- * Employment Counseling
- * Energy Crisis Assistance (Project Share)
- Family Development and Self Sufficiency Program (FaDSS)
- * Food Pantry
- * Furnace Repair and Replacement
- * General Information and Referral

- Head Start
- * Homeless Assistance
- * Housing Assistance
- * Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
- * Parents as Teachers (PAT)
- * Preschool Scholarships
- * Rent Reimbursement Form Assistance
- * Senior Home Repair
- * Transportation Assistance
- * Weatherization
- (WIC) Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children

More details on our website or contact your local center.

Community Action Centers

Burlington, Mt Pleasant, Ft Madison, Keokuk Open weekdays 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Columbus Junction (open M, T, Th)

CAOFSEIA.ORG



Central Office 2850 Mount Pleasant, Suite 108 Burlington IA 52601 (319) 753-0193

Community Action of Southeast lowa Programs are open to all eligible persons regardless of race, color, creed, national origin, religion, pregnancy, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, age, physical or mental disability, genetic information, veteran's status, uniformed service, or any other characteristic protected by federal, state or local law. July 2021

Our Website Resource Page https://caofseia.org/resources/

- Inter-agency directories by county
 Veterans
- County General Assistance by county
- Food resources
- Housing
- Community Action resources
- Adults
- Older Adults

- Money
- Children/Teens
- Mental Health
- Addiction
- Other
- Inter-agency emails
- People/advocate





COVID-19 Updates, Resources, and Information

To update or add a resource, submit this online form

Inter-agency Directories

- 2020 Des Moines County Inter-agency Directo
- 2020 Lee County Inter-agency Directory
- Des Moines County Resource Listing by the Burlington Public Library
 Henry County Inter-agency Directory, Mental Health Resource Guide, Youth Resource Guide, College Resource Guide
- En español por Henry County
- Lee/Davis/Jefferson/Van Buren County Community Resource Listings
- Louisa one page Community Services list
- 2020 Louisa County Directory of Community Services (print view
- zo18 Louisa/Muscatine/Cedar County Online Directory
- 2017 Van Buren Directory of Community Services
- Disability Resource Guide for individuals, guardians, and friends by the Iowa Department of Human Service
- Resource Listing for all counties: Aur
- County General Assistance
- Des Moines County
- Henry County
 Lee County
- Lee County
 Louisa County

Discussion Groups

Debreif



Wrap Up



Further Learning Resources

- Free 5 minute online <u>Poverty Simulation</u> from Urban Ministries of Durham: Walk in someone else's shoes and see if you can make it through the month.
- Resource Library from Iowa Community Action Association
- Demystifying Poverty and Creating Community Action Champions recorded webinar July 16, 2020, details here.
- Community Action of Southeast Iowa Website
 - Resource page
 - Programs and Services
 - Report page with lots of data
 - Community Needs Assessment



- <u>lowa ACES Report</u>
- True Charity Initiative
- Iowa Community Action Association, <u>A Brief History of Poverty in America</u>, interactive learning
- Iowa Policy Council 2019, The Cost of Living, Wages and Cliff Effects in Iowa, Slides or webinar.
- Analyzing the Causes and Conditions of Poverty, Center for Community Futures, Community Action, PDF slides
- Books:
 - Broke in America by Joanne Goldblum and Colleen Shaddox, published Feb 2021
 - Evicted: Poverty and Profit in the American City, by Matthew Desmond, published March 2016

What you can do

Help

- Learn resources & help navigate
- Help others professionally or personally loans, place to stay, watch their kids, rides, safety/security, Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs
- Support students, education, promotions, good companies

Community

- Takes a village to raise a child
- Promote connections, events, make friends

• End discrimination, create opportunity

- Jobs post wages, share information/post in uncommon areas
- Personal Relationships are the doorway to systemic change <u>– Simple Interactions</u>
- Systemic, advocacy

End exploitation

- Bad loans Credit card, payday, car, student
- Bad business practices Give benefits, full time work, living wages



Zoom Class Objectives

- Raise poverty awareness in southeast lowa
- Encourage equity and opportunities
- Provide resources for further learning and growth
- Share?



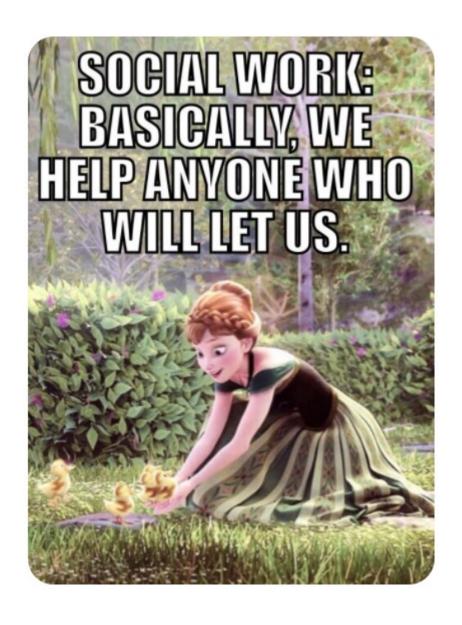


Evaluation

- https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/PovZoomEval2
- Link in Chat
- Follow up email
 - Evaluation link
 - Slides
 - Discussion questions
- Feel free to share or use
- Reach out with questions







Thank you!

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